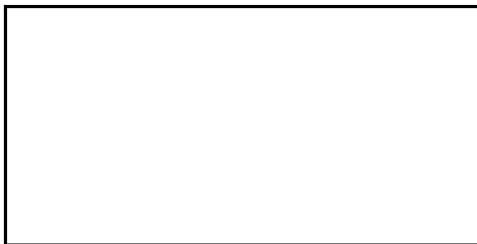


**TOP SECRET**

25X1



20 May 1961

Copy No. C 80

25X1

# CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



25X1



State Dept. review completed

**TOP SECRET**

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A005700220001-4

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A005700220001-4

~~SECRET~~

20 May 1961

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

### CONTENTS

25X1

- 
3. USSR: Illness of Frol Kozlov, leading contender as Khrushchev's successor, may intensify maneuvering for the succession. (*Page iii*)
  4. USSR: Press comment on extension of death penalty apparently intended to forestall public fear of revival of police terror. (*Page iii*)
  5. USSR: M. V. Keldysh replaces A. N. Nesmeyanov as president of Academy of Sciences. (*Page iii*)
- 

25X1

7. France-Algeria: Reported plot to assassinate De Gaulle. (*Page iv*)

~~SECRET~~

**Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt**

USSR: Frol Kozlov, probably the leading contender as Khrushchev's eventual successor, has been "convalescing from heart trouble" since 22 April, according to a Soviet Foreign Ministry official. Kozlov's chances of succeeding Khrushchev may now be reduced and below-the-surface maneuvering for the succession may be intensified. Any serious impairment of Kozlov's activities would also necessitate the redistribution of his key administrative responsibilities in party, organizational and personnel work.

OK

25X1

USSR: Initial Soviet press comment on the decree which sets the death penalty for large-scale embezzlement, counterfeiting, and forgery is apparently intended to forestall public fears that Stalinist police terror may be revived. While calling for strict enforcement of the new decree, Moscow at the same time insists that "liberalization trends" have not been reversed. The Kremlin is apparently also concerned that this move will furnish propaganda fuel for the West.

OK

25X1

USSR: For comment on election of M. V. Keldysh, who is believed to have played an important role in research on the Soviet guided missile program, as president of the Academy of Sciences, USSR, see Page 6.

OK

25X1

25X1

20 May 61

DAILY BRIEF

iii

25X1

25X1

25X1

[REDACTED]

\*France-Algeria: ([REDACTED])

25X1

[REDACTED]

cer-

25X1

25X1

tain army units in France plan to storm the Elysee Palace, De Gaulle's official residence, and "remove him" shortly after the 20 May opening of negotiations with the Algerian rebels. Premier Debré is said to have been alerted to this report,

[REDACTED]

25X1

[REDACTED]

25X1

25X1

[REDACTED]

Collapse of the late April military revolt in Algeria has left military and civilian extremists still bitterly opposed to De Gaulle's Algerian policy. In view of the failure of past plots to seize control of the government or otherwise persuade De Gaulle to modify his policy, fanatic rightists probably feel assassination is the only remaining way to block Algerian independence.)

*no*

25X1

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

25X1

20 May 61

DAILY BRIEF

iv

[REDACTED]

25X1

**Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt**

Soviet Comment on New Embezzlement Law

On 14 May, the official government organ Izvestia pointedly denied that promulgation of the new death decree had come as a shock and asserted that the measure enjoys the approval of the entire Soviet people. Ostensibly written in answer to Western press criticism, the commentary has strong overtones of Kremlin concern that the law will revive old memories of indiscriminate police terror. Izvestia reassured the "capitalist world" that there has been no abandonment of the post-Stalin trend of liberalization of the Soviet penal code and denied that crime is on the increase or that the punitive arm of the state has been strengthened.

Apparently anticipating Western propaganda exploitation of the law, Moscow twice broadcast the Izvestia article to Europe on the day it was published.

The Kremlin nevertheless seems bent on enforcing the law, and the secret police (KGB) have evidently assumed responsibility for investigating the crimes which it covers. On 18 May, the KGB announced the arrest of a gang of "large-scale speculators" in currency; declaring that "the hour of revenge" had come, Izvestia hinted that the ringleader might be sent to the firing squad in accordance with the law.

25X1

25X1

M. V. Keldysh, New President of Academy of Sciences, USSR

Moscow radio announced on 19 May the election of M. V. Keldysh as president of the Academy of Sciences, USSR. He was elected by the academy's General Assembly of Academicians and Corresponding Members. The outgoing president, A. N. Nesmeyanov, who had served since 1951 and is 62 years old, was relieved at his own request and received a unanimous expression of gratitude by the General Assembly for his service.

25X1



25X1

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Chairman, Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Director, International Cooperation Administration

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Administration

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant to Secretary of Defense (Special Operations)

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

**TOP SECRET**

**TOP SECRET**